GRIMELIUS SILVER METHOD FOR ARGYROPHIL CELLS

PURPOSE:	For In Vitro Diagnostic Use: Intended for the qualitative demonstration of argyrophil cells.
PRINCIPLE:	Argyrophil cells are capable of absorbing Silver but cannot reduce it on their own. Hydroquinone acts as the reducing agent and Sodium Thiosulfate removes any unbound Silver.
CONTROL:	Pancreas, argyrophil positive carcinoid tumor
SPECIMEN PREPARATION:	Bouin's Fixative or Formaldehyde fixed, paraffin embedded sections cut at 6 micrometers Secondary fixation in Bouin's is advised
SOLUTIONS:	 Silver Solution for Grimelius Method Item# s2053 Fast Green Substitute for Light Green 2% Aqueous Item# s231 Sodium Thiosulfate 5% Aqueous Item# s1895 Solutions can be purchased separately from Poly Scientific.
NOTES:	If a weak positive reaction is obtained, the result can be improved by double impregnation. After the reducing stage the sections are treated with 5% Sodium Thiosulfate for 2 minutes, rinsed in distilled water and placed in Silver Solution at room temperature for 10 minutes. This is followed by Reducing Solution for 1 minute at 45°C. Counterstains are not normally used.
REFERENCE:	Bancroft, John D & Gamble, Marilyn. <u>Theory and Practice of</u> <u>Histological Techniques</u> . 5th Ed. Churchill Livingston. New York. p. 367.

STAINING PROCEDURE:

- 1. Deparaffinize and hydrate to distilled water.
- 2. Transfer sections to Silver Solution at 60°C for 3 hours.
- 3. Drain Silver Solution from slides.

Sodium Sulfite......5 g
Distilled Water......100 mL

- 5. Rinse sections in distilled water.
- 6. Counterstain if required in Fast Green Substitute for Light Green 2% Aqueous for 3 minutes.
- 7. Wash in tap water.
- 8. Dehydrate in graded Alcohols.
- Clear in Xylene.
- 10. Mount with Poly Mount (Item# s2153) or any other acceptable mounting medium.

RESULTS:

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